

The Butler Weekly Times.

OL. XVIII.

BUTLER, MISSOURI, THURSDAY JULY 9, 1896.

NO 34

Missouri State Bank

OF BUTLER, MO.

CAPITAL, \$110,000.

Transacts a general banking business. We solicit the accounts of farmers, merchants and the public generally, promising a safe depository for funds committed to our charge. We are prepared to extend liberal accommodation in the way of loans to our customers. Funds always on hand on real estate at lowest rates, allowing borrowers to pay part or all of the time and stop interest.

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Geo L Smith

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J M Christy
R G West
Wm E Walton

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Dr J Everingham
Edith Everingham
C E Freeman
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Dr W D Hannah
Robert McCracken
A McCracken
John Pharis
J K Rosier
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L B Starke
Clem Slayback
John H Sullivan
Peter Swartzendruber

Dr W E Tucker
W B Tyler
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Wm Wallis
G P Wyatt
Dr S L Whipple
Max Weiner
R G West
J M Christy

Virginia Items.

Writing news for the TIMES this week will be things we see and hear, and if we get them wrong or mixed friends forgive us for this is '96.

Mr Rufus Hall and daughter, of Evansburg, visited relatives and friends here last week.

Geo Crooks has built a new hayrack.

Geo Jenkins, of K C, came home last week to spend a few days with his parents.

Wm Ward, county clerk of Linn county, visited his sister-in-law, Mrs Lewis Garner, and old neighbors last week. Mr Ward is one of the best settlers in Bates county. He says that politics is badly mixed in this county.

Mr James Crook was on the sick list last week.

Dick Wolfe spent Saturday and Sunday in Cass Co with an old teacher friend. He says the corn is looking well around Belton.

Uncle Manzar Hensley is on the sick list.

The hum of the thresher is heard all around.

Mrs Fred Nestlerode was quite sick with a sore throat, but is better now.

John Maloney went to Colorado last week.

Miss Ella Durst went to K C Tuesday of last week. She thinks two weeks are better than one.

The Grangers met Wednesday of last week and sold the hall and lot to T T Judy.

James Drysdale and wife, of Butler, visited his father, Wm Drysdale, who has been quite poorly for a few days.

Mrs A W Simpson was quite sick a few days but is able to be out again.

C A Wallace has built a summer kitchen over his new cellar.

Mrs H H Flesher and Mrs Bruner, visited the families of G W and Isaac Clark Tuesday of last week.

Mr Reed, a dentist of K C, was in our city Thursday of last week.

Quite a number of our people celebrated the 4th at home.

The Harrison flag was run up on the pole and unfurled to the breeze to wave over our city the 4th.

Alton Park, of Clinton, spent a few days with his mother, Mrs A J Park last week.

A W Simpson makes a fine appearance sitting on the seat of his new binder, when cutting his neighbors' grain.

The Christian S S averaged 77 last quarter.

Elder Claypool preached at Miami Center last Sabbath and will hold meetings this week. Elder Reed will be there his regular time, Saturday and Sunday.

Wm Buxton, of K C, visited his

grandfather, Mr Kinney, and his aunt, Mrs Jap Pierce, last Sunday.

The Free Methodists celebrated the 4th at the Weatherspoon grove with preaching, ice cream and good things to eat, which is much better than to take the children to town, where it is crowded and the little fellows can't enjoy the fresh air. In our boyhood days the church people led in celebrating the 4th and now somebody else have the lead.

Miss Eliza Witherspoon will preach at the Crook school house next Sunday at 4 p. m.

Mr Coulter and family are taking an active part in carrying on a Sabbath school at the Crooks school house, and it is hoped that much good will be the result of their labor. We believe the seed they are sowing in the young hearts of the little boys and girls will, in the future, bring forth good fruit.

Prof. Maxey and wife of Johnstown, are the guests of H P Nickell and family.

John Hendrickson and wife of Drexel, spent two days with her father, W A McElroy last week.

Uncle Billy Drysdale has been sick for several days. Dr Lyle was called to see him to-day at this writing Monday night, he is a little better. He is quite old and the weather so warm will make against him.

Flax cutting and stacking is the order of the day.

Mike said to Pat, "did you read the piece in the TIMES last week written by an old populist at Virginia? and what do you think about what he said?" "Well, Mike, I think he is all right, and if the people of Bates want free coinage, DeArmond is the man to vote for."

Mrs Amos Bright has been poorly for the last week, and at this writing she is confined to her bed.

Dr Lamb, of the Post, Linn county, Kan., passed through our city Saturday on his way to Butler to celebrate the Fourth.

Miss Lena Jenkins is attending the institute at Butler.

Amoret Items.

Miss Ella Tyson of Canton, Ill., is visiting her sister, Mrs Dr Crum.

Miss Jennie Crawford arrived from Chicago last Wednesday.

John Oneal's little boy, Elmer, was cut on the arm Monday, by a barbed wire fence so seriously that Dr Crum had to be called in.

Charles Gailey departed Monday for his home in Oregon; he had been visiting his uncle, Hugh Gailey.

Mr Hauman left Wednesday for Port Arthur to be absent about two weeks.

Joseph and Carl Davis arrived Monday on a visit from Chicago with relatives.

Mr and Mrs L M Stephenson and Miss Lottie Wilson drove over to Foster Friday, on a visit to John Stephenson's.

Mrs John Mathews was called to Boicourt Tuesday, to attend a sick relative.

The base ball boys of Amoret played at Rich Hill the Fourth, and beat the boys badly.

Dr Mitchell and Ed Dudley of Virginia, came over Thursday night to attend the Woodmen lodge of this place.

Mr and Mrs Pyle of Butler, were visiting the family of Hugh Gailey last week.

Mrs Penwick has been very ill the past week, but is some better now.

Rev J M Claypool, state evangelist was in town, the guest of J C Lyles. He was on his way to Virginia, where he was going to hold meeting the past week.

The people of Amoret attended various places the Fourth; some went to Butler; others to Rich Hill and some to Trading Post.

Mr and Mrs Jake Riddle brought a sick child in Wednesday, to Dr Brooks.

L J Priest has moved into the new house built by Mr Gailey.

W R Jones and family left Saturday for Sedalia on a visit to J C Lyles.

Miss Mame Hassig arrived home Friday after a month's visit with relatives in Kansas.

Mr Worley, formerly of this place, was here several days the past week visiting one of Amoret's good looking widows.

Rev Glendening's wife left Monday for Kansas City to visit her daughter.

NELS' CLERK.

THE FIGURES ON GROSVENOR.

The Ohioan's Statement Concerning the McKinley Law Proved Faulty.

Topeka, July 2.—General Charles H. Grosvenor in his speech before the republican state league last night, said in condemnation of the Wilson Gorman tariff law: "Under the republican administration of 1889-93, we exported 200 million dollars more than we imported. To day the balance of trade is 200 million dollars against us."

R H. Sample, secretary of the populist state committee, a well posted statistician and an advocate of the Wilson Gorman bill to day produces official figures in refutation of Grosvenor's statements, showing that in 1894 the imports were \$645,994,622 and the exports \$869,204,937 and in 1895 the imports were \$731,957,875 and the exports \$793,397,890. Mr. Sample's figures are taken from the monthly bulletins of the bureau of statistics at Washington.

Frank Doster, another populist leader and an opponent of McKinleyism, said, commenting on Grosvenor's tariff figures: "The statistics for the first ten months of the present fiscal year, closing with April 1, show a balance in our favor of 82 million dollars, for the corresponding ten months of the fiscal year 227 million dollars, while for the corresponding period of 1893 before the McKinley law was modified by the Wilson bill, the balance of trade was against us to the extent of seven million dollars. For the corresponding period of 1892, the balance of trade was in our favor to the extent of 208 million dollars, and for the corresponding period of 1891; which is as far back as the statistics are carried, it is in our favor to the extent of 69 million, making for the last three years under the McKinley law a balance in our favor of 277 million, as against a balance in our favor for the last three years of the Wilson bill of 393 million. The only possible way in which Mr. Grosvenor can accumulate this claimed balance of trade against us is by counting the exports of gold as though it were something from which we had parted without receiving any equivalent, while the fact is every cent of it went to cancel some obligation, public or private, owed by our people, and has no business whatever in the tabulation of trade balances."

Silver in New York.

The New York Herald recently sent out a number of special correspondents for the purpose of sounding the people on the money question, and it candidly declares, as a result of their investigations, that silver is gaining ground in that state and the friends of sound money must not ignore the fact. It says the free coinage sentiment is very strong in the western counties, and the Republican party will be badly hurt by it in the event the Democracy at Chicago declare for free coinage. The Herald's correspondents report that in Northern and Central New York and also in the southwestern portion of the state, "the silver movement has swept among the people like an apparition. Free silver literature has been disseminated among the farmers, and the result is that thousands of them have been converted to the cause of the white metal."

The New York Journal has also noted the growth of the silver movement among the masses of the people, and remarks that at the Saratoga convention a few days ago many of the country delegations would have declared for free coinage had it not been for the personal appearance of such leaders as Senators Hill and Murphy and ex-Secretary Whitney.

POSITION OF POPULISTS.

Bland Will Receive the Support of the Third Party if Nominated at Chicago.

North Tonawanda, N. Y., July 5.—L J. McParlin, Secretary of the National Committee of the Populist party, was asked this morning if the Populist party would stand by the Democratic nominee for president in the event of the Democrats adopting a free silver platform at the Chicago Convention. He said:

"If the right kind of a man is named at Chicago our party will give him its indorsement. Placing three tickets in the field, two representing free silver and one the gold standard, could hardly result other than in the success of Wall Street sentiment. All we want is a fair chance before the country with our financial views, and on this issue we are willing to stand or fall. But I am not bothered with the apprehension that we are in danger of falling, provided we coalesce with the Democrats. My advice indicate that such a combination would make a clean sweep west of the Mississippi, carrying Indiana and Illinois and Southern States, making it apparent that the gold bug contingent would almost inevitably be defeated."

SHE MUST LEAD THE WAY.

America Need Not Wait For International Bimetallism.

Marysville, Kan., July 7.—One of the orators at the St. Louis convention asserted that the spirit of Lincoln was present. If so, it was in one of Teller's boots when he kicked over the table of the money changers.

The civilized nations of the old world, whom we are asked to consult in fixing the standard of silver, are monarchies and despotisms, ruled by Kings and Queens, Lords, Dukes and Princes, all of whom riot in luxury and splendor, while the great body of their subjects, even women and children, work like beasts of burden for a mere subsistence. Foremost in civilization, foremost in comprehension of human rights, foremost in all resources that make a nation rich and great—gold, silver, iron, lead, zinc, coal and agriculture—embracing all climates, let us declare our independence, as some supremacy and become the north star to guide all nations. The beauty of America is that it is a nation of Kings and Queens, "created equal," endowed by their Creator with inalienable rights—"life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," and capable of "self government" without consulting the powers and principalities of the old world.

L. RAQUET.

Taxing The People Rich.

The McKinley plan of allying discontent is to increase taxes. A special from Canton to the New York World says:

The Major assumes that this wave of silverism is not really a demand for the use of more silver, but a popular cry for more money. He will therefore meet this impression by pointing out that the Government needs more revenue, and that with ample revenue the money stringency will be decreased.

If there is another way for a country to raise revenue than by taxing its own people it has never been discovered. A dollar has never been deposited in the United States Treasury which the people do not pay, either before or after deposit. The McKinley idea, then, is that the more money you take from the people the richer you make them. To satisfy the "popular cry for more money" you have only to take away more of the money now in circulation.

It is an axiom in political economy that "A rich government makes a poor people." But McKinley, being a Napoleon, is under the necessity of making precedents. He would promote prosperity by in-

OFFICERS.

D. N. THOMPSON, Pres.
E. A. BENNETT, V. Pres.
E. D. KIPP, Cashier.
G. W. Newberry, Assistant.
G. Pratt Wyatt

FARMERS BANK

BUTLER, MO.

Capital Stock \$50,000.00

Surplus Fund \$5,000.00

We Want Your Business.

DIRECTORS.

DR. J. EVERINGHAM.
JNO. E. SHUTT.
W. G. WILCOX.
J. J. McKee.
CLARK WEA.
T. M. GATLEY.
JNO. STEELE.
JAS. M. McKIBBEN.

CLEVELAND IS DEAD

politically. We are alive to the wants of the people. Call and let us do thee good. Sparks, Griffith Co., at the southeast corner of the square have Wall paper, paints, oils, glass, carpets, rugs stationery and notions at very low figures. They are executing work in their line at figures surprisingly low. Give us a trial.

Southeast Cor. Square.

Sparks, Griffith Co.

creasing public revenues. If two dollars out of ten is paid in taxes he would double revenue and prosperity by making the tax four dollars. The resulting prosperity would soon force a repetition of the doubling process, and, as it is impossible to have too much of a good thing, it would then be necessary to wipe out, in taxes, the remaining two dollars of the original ten.

Then we would have the Millennium—or a Terror.—Post Dispatch.

MISSOURI AND KANSAS CORN.

There is a Big Crop and Plenty for Export in Both States.

Grain men of this city are at the present time devoting a great deal of their time to studying the outlook for this year's corn crop, and from present indications it looks as though corn would be king in this section of the country. Kansas and Missouri have been favored with a bountiful supply of rain, and everything points to a large corn crop in both these States. There will be a great demand for this crop from different sections of the country, and especially from Mexico, where there is a drought. Unless rain falls there within a few days, Mexico will have a repetition of the corn famine of 1892.

Very little corn has been exported into Mexico owing to the high duty that is imposed by the Mexican government. The way is cleared now, however, for in anticipation of a scarcity of corn the duty has been removed from the States of Nuevo-Lepan, San Luis Potosi and Tamaulipas for the entrance of corn to each State. Large orders are being received in Kansas City daily for corn to go to Mexico, and yesterday one firm received an order for 100,000 bushels to go to Laredo. "It is an ill wind that blows nobody good," and Missouri and Kansas farmers will feel happy in thought that they have plenty of corn for Mexico. —Kansas City Times

Carthage, Mo., July 7.—A meeting of kicking silver Republicans was held at the Circuit court room last night, with Judge J. M. Weks in the chair. A strong manifesto was issued to silver Republicans and a big organization was formed. The Republicans of this section are all for free silver, and kick against the gold platform.

Silver Republicans Bolt.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 2.—Silver Republicans to-day issued a manifesto announcing that they can no longer stand by the party on account of its single standard platform. Bimetallism is pointed out as the fundamental principle of Republicanism and the dire results feared from monometallic financial basis are dilated upon. Among the signers are Congressman C. A. Towne of Duluth, ex Congressman John Lind of New Ulm county, Attorney Frank M. Nye, John Dain-smith of Minneapolis, John B. Sanborn of St. Paul. All these have been very prominent in State politics.

T. W. LECC.

For all repairs, or parts of Buggies, Surries, road wagons, farm wagons, phaetons, etc., poles, shafts, rockers, wheels, dashes, cushions, tops, I sell the best.

Buggy Paint on Earth.

We recet tires and

DO NOT RUIN THE WHEELS.

Will furnish you a buggy

HIGH OR LOW GRADE

for very few dollars. I am thankful to all who have patronized me and hope you will continue to do so, and if you have never tried me, come and be convinced that this is the right place to do it.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, That letters of administration on the estate of J E Morrison deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1896, by the probate court of Bates county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate, are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administrator within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

This 2nd day of July, 1896.

F. L. MORRISON, Administrator.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas D T McKibben, a single man, by his deed of trust dated February 10th, 1892, and recorded in the recorder's office within and for Bates county, Missouri, in book No. 110 page 22 conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate lying and being situated in the county of Bates and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-two (22) township forty (40) range thirty-one (31), thence east sixteen rods thence north twenty rods, thence west sixteen rods, thence south to the beginning, containing two (2) acres more or less which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one certain note fully described in said deed of trust, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the note and accrued interest thereon, now past due and unpaid. Now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and pursuant to the conditions of said deed of trust, I will proceed to sell the above described premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the court house, in the city of Butler, county of Bates and state of Missouri, on

Tuesday August 4, 1896,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of satisfying said debt, interest and costs.

H. E. PENCIVAL,
Trustee.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



DUVALL & PERCIVAL.

BUTLER, MO.

FARM LOANS.

Money to loan on farms at reduced rates of interest. Your notes are payable at our office and you find them here when due. We give you the privilege to pay any time. Money ready to loan as papers are signed.